

# TEMATICA PENTRU EXAMENUL DE LICENȚĂ ANUL UNIVERSITAR 2014-2015 LIMBA ȘI LITERATURA ENGLEZĂ

# I. LIMBA ENGLEZĂ

#### **1. Thematics**

#### a. Lexicology and Semantics

- Lexical structure: word-formation mechanisms: major types and minor types of word formation
- Lexical sequences: free combinations, collocations and idioms
- Essentials of semantics: types of meaning and sense relations

## **b.** Morphology

- 1. The Noun Phrase:
- The Structure of the Noun Phrase
- The Category of Case
- The Category of Gender
- The Category of Number
- 2. The Verb Phrase:
- Tense-Aspect Blends: Peculiarities of Employment
- English Voice. Statal and Dynamic Readings of the Passive

# c. The Syntax of the Clause/Simple Sentence

Clause constituents in the simple sentence

#### d. The Syntax of the Complex Sentence

Types of subordinate/embedded clauses

**2.** Suggested bibliography (some of the topics above are dealt with in more than one of the books below):

- 1. Bauer, Laurie, 1983, English Word-Formation, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- 2. Binnick, R. I., 1991, *Time and the Verb: A Guide to Tense and Aspect*, Oxford: Oxford University Press
- 3. Crystal, David, 1997, *The Cambridge Encyclopedia of Language*, 2nd edition, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- 4. Freeborn, Dennis, 1995, A Course Book in English Grammar, 2nd Edition, MacMillan
- 5. Hulban, Horia, 2001, *Syntheses in English Morphology*, Perspectives of the English Language Series 2, Iaşi: Spanda
- 6. Hulban, Horia, 2001, Syntheses in English Lexicology and Semantics, Iași: Editura Spanda
- 7. Jackson, H., & Zé Amvela, E., 2000, Words, Meaning and Vocabulary, London and New York: Cassell
- 8. Kilby, D., 1984, Descriptive Syntax and the English Verb, London: Croom Helm
- 9. Klaiman, M. H., 1991, Grammatical Voice, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press
- 10. Lăcătușu, Tamara, 2005, *Essentials of English Syntax. The Simple Independent Sentence*, Iași: Casa Editorială Demiurg
- 11. Lăcătușu, Tamara, 2005, *Essentials of English Syntax. Complex Structures*, Iași: Casa Editorială Demiurg
- 12. Măciucă, Gina, 2000, *Glimpses of the English Verb Group*, Suceava: Editura Universității Suceava



- 13. Măciucă, Gina, 2000, Verb Complementation in English, Suceava: Editura Universității Suceava
- 14. McCarthy, M., 1990, Vocabulary, Oxford: Oxford University Press
- 15. Quirk, Randolph et al., 1976, A Grammar of Contemporary English, London: Longman
- 16. Stockwell, Robert & Minkova, Donka, 2001, *English Words: History and Structure*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press

# II. LITERATURA ENGLEZĂ

## **1. Opere literare:**

- 1. The Old English Epic Beowulf
- 2. Geoffrey Chaucer, The Canterbury Tales
- 3. William Shakespeare, A Midsummer Night's Dream
- 4. William Shakespeare, King Lear
- 5. Jonathan Swift, *Gulliver's Travels*
- 6. Lord George Gordon Byron, Beppo
- 7. Charles Dickens, Great Expectations
- 8. Emily Bronte, Wuthering Heights
- 9. Aldous Huxley, Brave New World
- 10. William Golding, Lord of the Flies
- 11. Nathaniel Hawthorne, The Scarlet Letter
- 12. Herman Melville, *Moby Dick*
- 13. Henry James, The Portrait of a Lady
- 14. Joseph Heller, Catch-22

#### 2. Bibliografie:

- 1. Boitani, Piero & Mann, Jill (eds.), 2003. The Cambridge Companion to Chaucer, Cambridge UP;
- 2. Cunliffe, Marcus, ed., 1993. *The Penguin History of Literature. American Literature since* 1900. London: Penguin Books
- 3. Deirdre, David (ed.), *The Cambridge Companion to the Victorian Novel*, Cambridge UP, 2001.
- 4. Dobson, Michael; Stanley Wells (eds.), *The Oxford Companion to Shakespeare*, Oxford University Press, 2001
- 5. Ford, Boris (ed), 1982. *The New Pelican Guide to English Literature: From Blake to Byron.* Vol. 5. London: Penguin Books.
- 6. Ford, Boris (ed), 1983. *The New Pelican Guide to English Literature: The Present*. Vol. 8. London: Penguin Books.
- 7. Godden, Malcolm & Lapidge, Michael (eds.), 1991. *The Cambridge Companion to Old English Literature*, Cambridge UP;
- 8. Macsiniuc, Cornelia, 2003. *The English Eighteenth Century. The Novel in Its Beginnings.* Suceava: Editura Universității Suceava.
- 9. Macsiniuc, Cornelia, Seventeenth and Eighteenth Century British Literature, Ministerul Educației și Cercetării, 2006
- 10. Matei-Chesnoiu, Monica, *A Course in Elizabethan Literature: William Shakespeare*, Constanța: Tipografia Univ. "Ovidius", 1997
- 11. Ruland, Richard and Malcolm Bradbury, 1992. From Puritanism to Postmodernism. A History of American Literature. London: Penguin Books
- 12. Stone, Brian, 1989. Chaucer, Penguin Books.
- 13. Turcu, Luminița-Elena, The Victorian Novel, Editura Universității Suceava, Suceava, 2003.
- 14. Turcu, Luminița-Elena, *The Literature of the Beginnings: From Beowulf to Paradise Lost*, Editura Universității Suceava, 2003



# **MODELE DE SUBIECTE**

# LIMBA ȘI LITERATURA ENGLEZĂ

# proba 1: evaluarea cunoștințelor generale (examen scris)

# **SUBIECT 1**

#### **Read the following passage from** *The Portrait of a Lady* **and solve the tasks below:**

It was in an old house at Albany, a large, square, double house, with a notice of sale in the windows of one of the lower apartments. There were two entrances, one of which had long been out of use but had never been removed. They were exactly alike – large white doors, with an arched frame and wide sidelights, perched upon little "stoops" of red stone, which descended sidewise to the brick pavement of the street. The two houses together formed a single dwelling, the party-wall having been removed and the rooms placed in communication. These rooms, above-stairs, were extremely numerous, and were painted all over exactly alike, in a yellowish white which had grown sallow with time. On the third floor there was a sort of arched passage, connecting the two sides of the house, which Isabel and her sisters used in their childhood to call the tunnel, and which, though it was short and well-lighted, always seemed to the girl to be strange and lonely, especially on winter afternoons. (James, 1996: 32) James, Henry, 1996. *The Portrait of a Lady*. Ware: Wordsworth Editions. 1996: 1881.

#### **PART ONE. LITERATURE**

Tasks

- 1. Interpret the motif of the double in the architecture of the building as a specular device reflecting the construction of the main character's identity.
- 2. Discuss the phrases "arched frame" and "arched passage" in the fragment above as marks of identity.
- 3. Interpret the removal of the wall in connection with character delineation.

#### PART TWO. LANGUAGE

Tasks

- 4. Analyze in terms of *form* (morphologically) and *function* (syntactically) the underlined phrase in the text above.
- 5. Mark and label the clauses in the following sentence: *These rooms, above-stairs, were extremely numerous, and were painted all over exactly alike, in a yellowish white which had grown sallow with time.*
- 6. Consider the following 5 lexical items extracted from your text: *dwelling*, *yellowish*, *removed*, *lower* and *rooms*.
  - *a.* Write down the **ROOT** corresponding to each lexical item enlisted above.
  - *b.* Provide a **morphemic analysis** for each lexical item and make sure that you indicate the type of every morpheme.
- 7. Sometimes we use more than one adjective in front of a NOUN. Order the adjectives in brackets to complete the sentences below:
  - a. He was a ...(1) ...(2) ...(3) man.
- [young, intelligent, nice]
- b. *She had a* ... (1) ... (2)... (3) ... (4) *box.* [black, round, small, wooden]
- 8. What does FRAME mean in the following sentences?
  - a. She framed her questions carefully.
  - b. He claims that he was framed by his own fellows.



#### **BAREM DE CORECTARE**

## PART ONE. LITERATURE

#### Se acordă 1 punct din oficiu. Celelalte 9 puncte se distribuie după cum urmează:

#### Task 1

Reach of purpose and argumentation: 1 point Structure and coherence: 1 point Clarity of ideas and appropriate style: 1 point

# Task 2

Reach of purpose and argumentation: 1 point Structure and coherence: 1 point Clarity of ideas and appropriate style: 1 point

## Task 3

Reach of purpose and argumentation: 1 point Structure and coherence: 1 point Clarity of ideas and appropriate style: 1 point

# PART TWO. LANGUAGE

#### Se acordă 1 punct din oficiu. Celelalte 9 puncte se distribuie după cum urmează:

TASK 4 2 points TASK 5 2 points TASK 6 2 points TASK 7 1 point TASK 8 2 points



## **SUBIECT 2**

#### **Consider the following fragment from Swift's** *Gulliver's Travels*:

Nothing but an extreme love of truth could have hindered me from concealing this part of my story. It was in vain to discover <u>my resentments</u>, which were always turned into ridicule; and I was forced to rest with patience, while my noble and most beloved country was so injuriously treated. I am heartily sorry as any of my readers can possibly be, that such an occasion was given: but this prince happened to be so curious and inquisitive upon every particular, that it could not consist either with gratitude or good manners, to refuse giving him what satisfaction I was able. Yet thus much I may be allowed to say in my own vindication, that I artfully eluded many of his questions, and gave to every point a more favourable turn by many degrees than the strictness of truth would allow. For I have always borne that laudable partiality to my own country, which Dionysius Halicarnassensis with so much justice recommends to an historian. I would hide the frailties and deformities of my political mother, and place her virtues and beauties in the most advantageous light. This was my sincere endeavour in those many discourses I had with that mighty monarch, although it unfortunately failed of success. (Swift, 1994: 140–1)

(Swift, Jonathan, 1994. Gulliver's Travels. London: Penguin Books. 1994:1726)

#### PART ONE. LITERATURE

#### TASKS

The fragment above illustrates Jonathan Swift's use of reader entrapment.

**1.** Entrapment frequently relies on forcing the reader to admit to apparently conflicting principles. What are these principles here and what is the nature of the conflict? Explain your answer.

**2.** The success of entrapment depends on a particular reader profile. Here, as well as elsewhere in the novel, this type of reader is addressed directly by the narrator. Identify the features of the reader that the trap in the fragment above is intended for.

**3**. In what way does the manipulation strategy in this excerpt reflect on the interpretation of the novel on the whole?

#### PART TWO. LANGUAGE

#### TASKS

4. <u>Mark</u> and <u>label</u> the clauses in the fragment **in bold**.

5. Analyse in terms of **form** (morphologically) and **function** (syntactically) the (constituents of the) underlined phrase, **my resentments**, in the fragment **in bold**.

6. Provide a synonym or paraphrase for the words below.

Words in the	Synonym/ Paraphrase
text	
conceal	
resentment	
inquisitive	
frailty	
mighty	

7. Consider the following sentence: I artfully eluded many of his questions. Make it passive.

8. Consider the following 5 lexical items extracted from your text: *resentment, unfortunately, mighty, partiality* and *strictness*.

- a. Write down the **ROOT** corresponding to each lexical item enlisted above.
- *b.* Provide a morphemic analysis for each lexical item and make sure that you mention the type of every morpheme. Use { } to indicate the morphemes.



# **BAREM DE CORECTARE:**

#### **PART ONE. LITERATURE**

Se acordă 1 punct din oficiu. Celelalte 9 puncte se distribuie după cum urmează:

#### Task 1

Reach of purpose and argumentation: 1 point Structure and coherence: 1 point Clarity of ideas and appropriate style: 1 point **Task 2** Reach of purpose and argumentation: 1 point Structure and coherence: 1 point Clarity of ideas and appropriate style: 1 point **Task 3** Reach of purpose and argumentation: 1 point Structure and coherence: 1 point Clarity of ideas and appropriate style: 1 point

#### PART TWO. LANGUAGE

Se acordă 1 punct din oficiu. Celelalte 9 puncte se distribuie după cum urmează:

TASK 4 2 points TASK 5 2 points TASK 6 2 points TASK 7 1 point TASK 8 2 points